

# Exome sequencing data analysis for diagnosing a genetic disease

Galaxy Training! tutorial

### **Tutorial presentation**

- Exome sequencing data from a family trio
- Boy child affected by a disease : osteopetrosis
- Parents unaffected but consanguineous

Goal: Identify the genetic variation responsible for the disease

### Tutorial steps

1. Perform postprocessing from premapped reads

2. Variant calling

3. Variant annotation and reporting

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2. Variant calling

3. Variant annotation and reporting

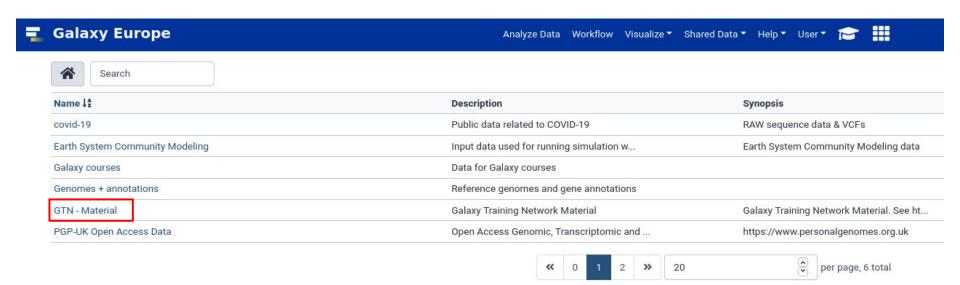
### Premapped reads

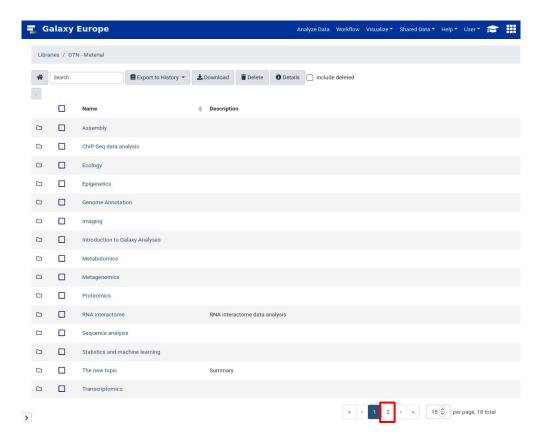
- Data characteristics for the trio :
  - Whole exome sequencing
  - Paired-end reads

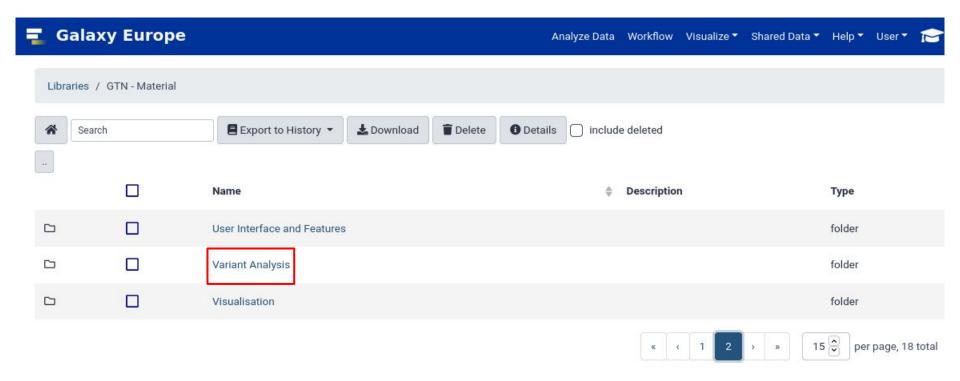
- Steps already performed :
  - Quality control (fastq)
  - Read mapping (Human Hg19 assembly)

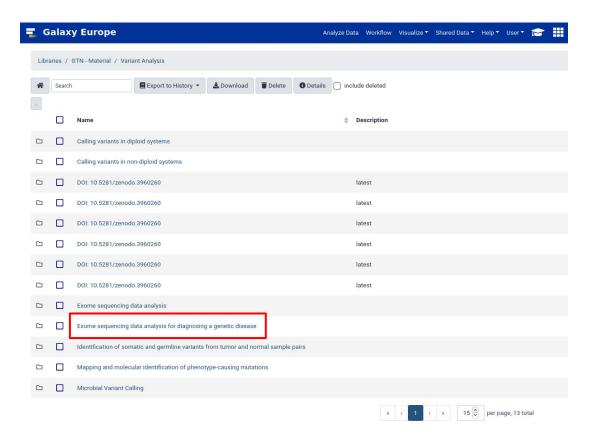
Format available : bam format

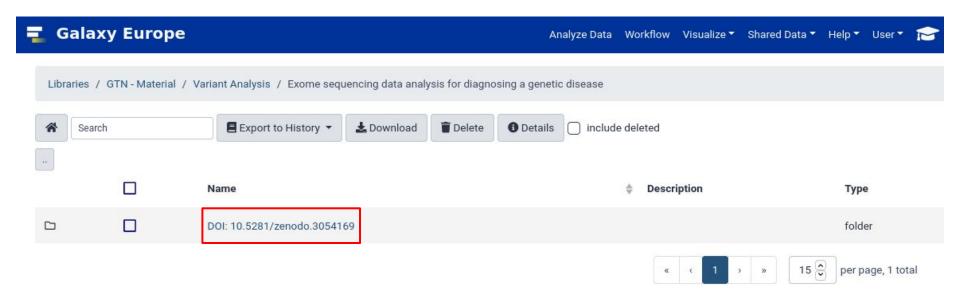


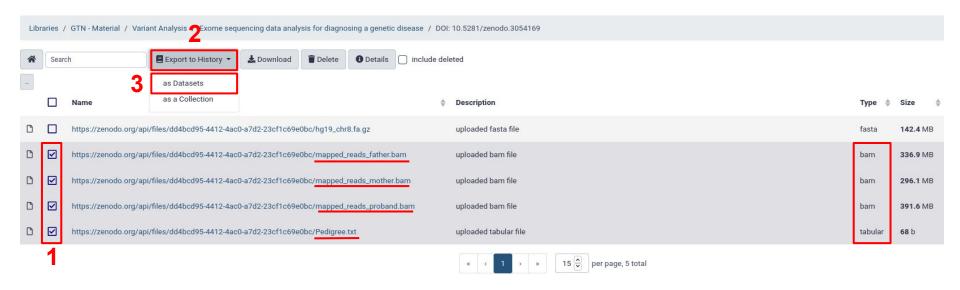


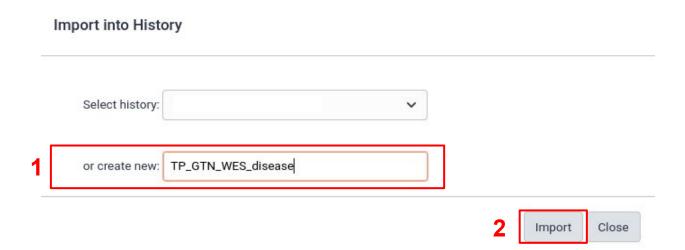


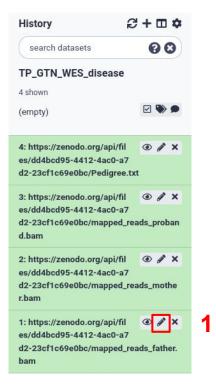




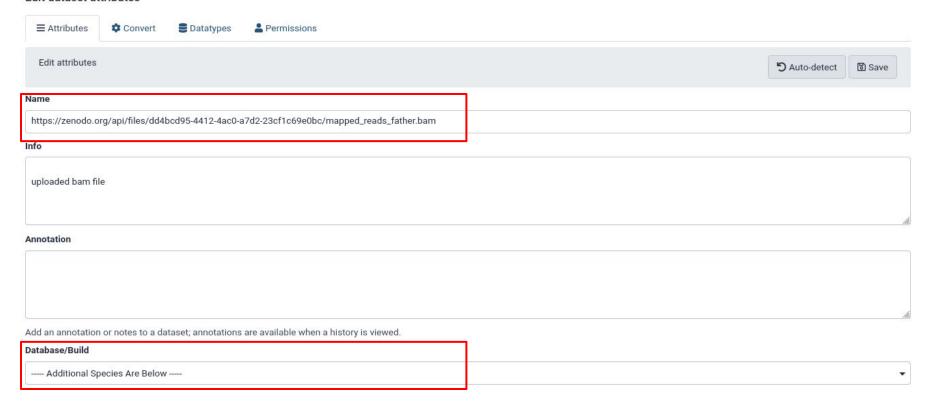


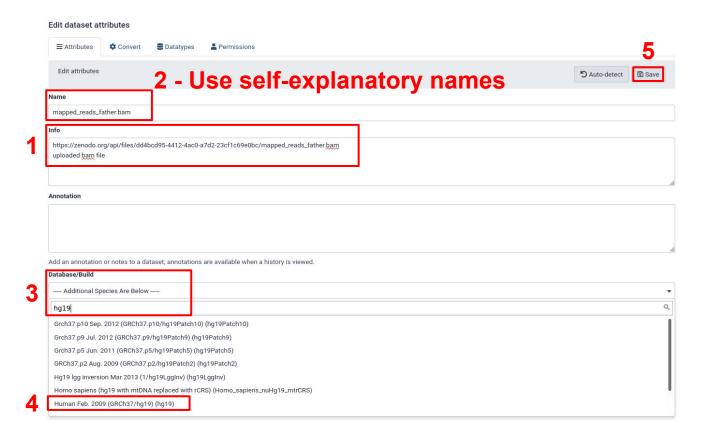




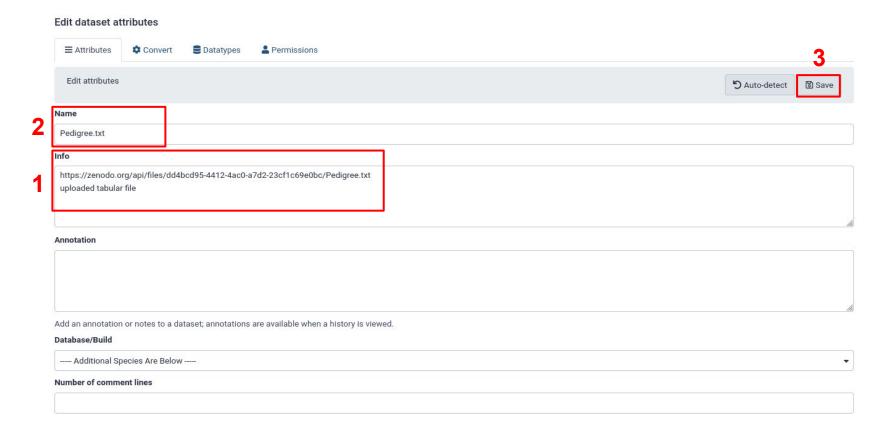


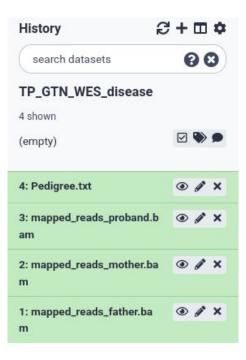
#### Edit dataset attributes











### Mapped reads postprocessing

### Warning:

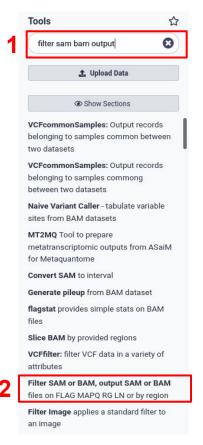
- Depends on technology
- Depends on goal
- Depends on the pipeline used (steps, software, etc.)

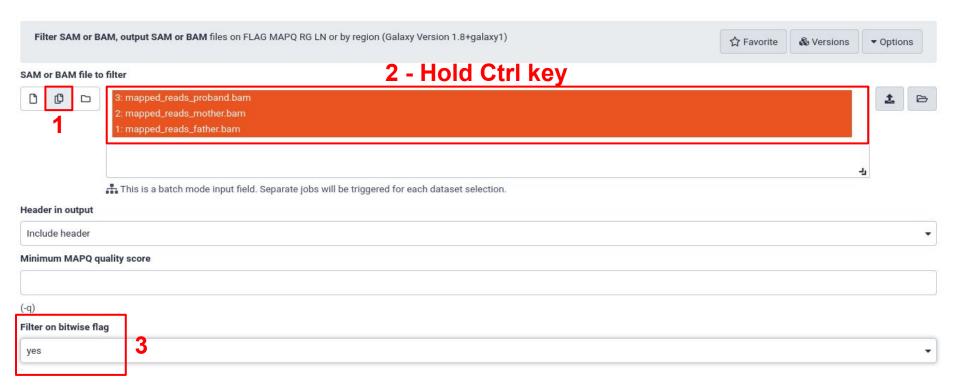
#### Filter reads based on characteristics :

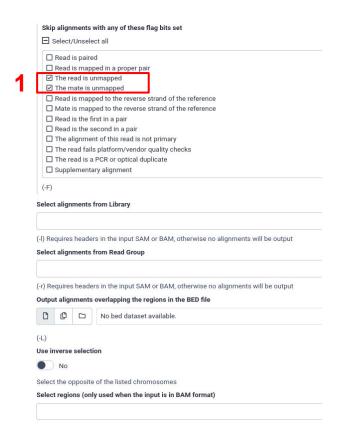
- Retain only forward and reverse reads mapped successfully to the reference
- Exclude possible contaminant DNA or sequencing artefact

#### 2. Remove/Mark duplicate reads

PCR-overamplification of genomic fragment during sequencing library preparation

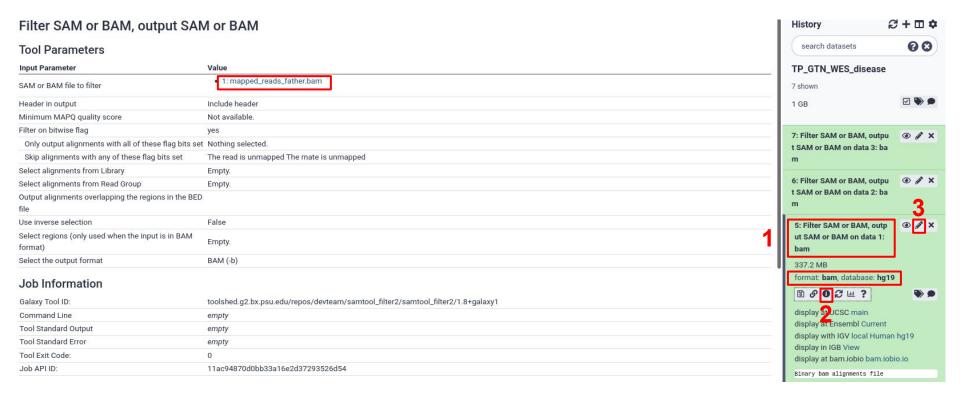


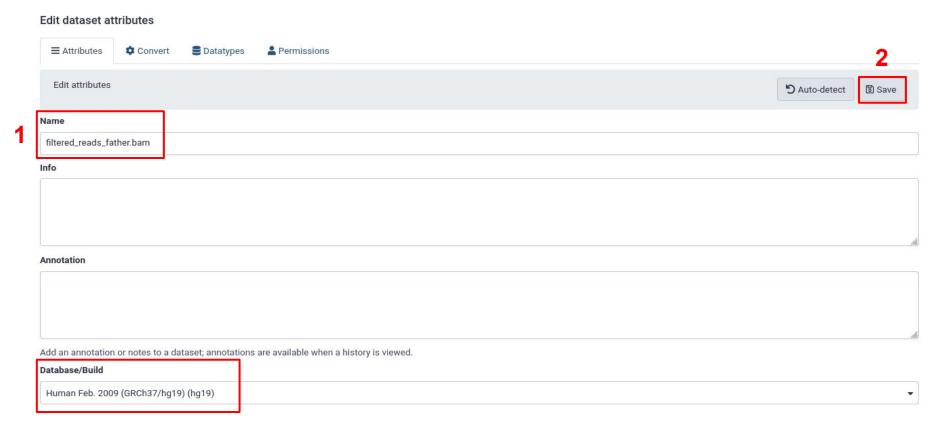


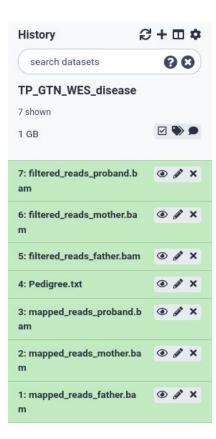


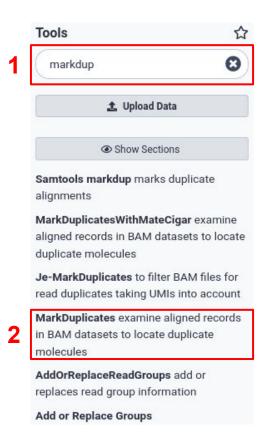
Select	align	ments	from Library
(-I) Re	quires	heade	rs in the input SAM or BAM, otherwise no alignments will be output
Select	align	ments	from Read Group
	-		The state and a second second second
	1		rs in the input SAM or BAM, otherwise no alignments will be output
Outpu	t aligi	nments	overlapping the regions in the BED file
	D		No bed dataset available.
(1)			
(-L)		select	t-a
Use in		select	on
	No		
Select	the o	pposite	e of the listed chromosomes
Select	regio	ons (on	y used when the input is in BAM format)
region	shou	ld be p	resented in one of the following formats: `chr1', `chr2:1,000' and `chr3:1000-2,000'
Select	the o	utput f	ormat
BAM	(-b)		
Email	notifi	cation	
	No		
Sand :	on om	ail noti	fication when the job completes.
Jenu e	ari Gill	an nou	reason men the jew completes.

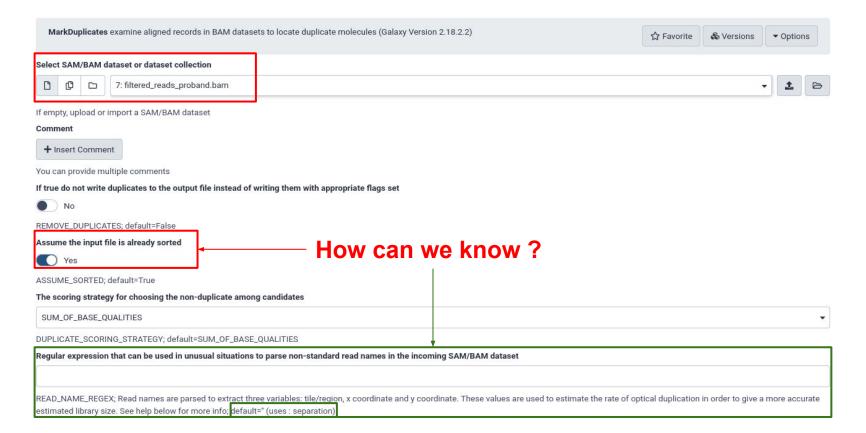












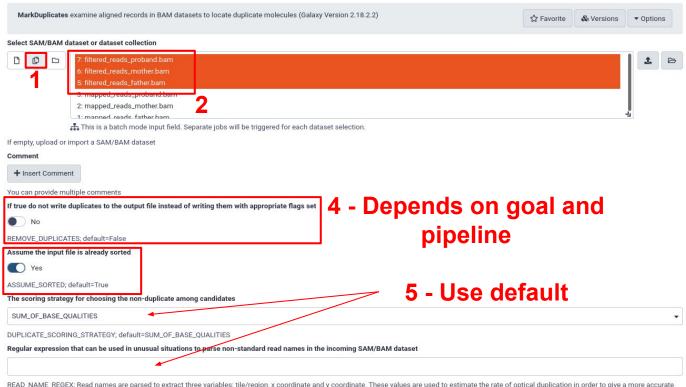
$\mathcal{C} + \square $	History (	SEQ	ISIZE	MPOS	MRNM	CIGAR	MAPQ	POS	RNAME	QNAME FLAG			
00	search datasets										@HD VN:1,3 SO:coordinate		
											@SO-SN:chr8 LN:146364022		
se	TP_GTN_WES_disease										@RG ID:001 SM:father PL:ILLUMINA		
	7 shown	99/dataset_9499701.dat /data/dnb02/galaxy_db/files/009/499/datas	db/files/009/4	dnb02/galaxy_o	f.fa /data/	UMINA localre	er\tPL:ILL	01\tSM:fath	@RG\tID:0	t 8 -v 1 -R	@PG ID:bwa PN:bwa VN:0.7.17-r1188 CL:bwa mem -		
		CCATGGCAGAGCTCCCTCCTCAGCACATGGGGAGCAGACAGGAAGT	256	11865	=	101M	3	11710	chr8	163	DCW97JN1:309:C0C42ACXX:5:2202:19629:56029 163		
	1 GB	ATGGCAGAGCTCCCTCCTCAGCACATGGGGAGCAGACAGGAAGTTT	253	11864	=	101M	0	11712	chr8	163	DCW97JN1:309:C0C42ACXX:4:1206:10027:62829 16		
		ATGGCAGAGCTCCCTCCTCAGCACATGGGGAGCAGACAGGAAGTTT	253	11869	=	101M	15	11712	chr8	163	DCW97JN1:309:C0C42ACXX:4:1115:17796:60101		
nd.b 💿 🧳 🗙	7: filtered_reads_proband.b	AGCCACGTCTCCCCAGGTCAGTCTTAAGGACAACGAAACTCTGGGC	271	11966	=	101M	27	11783	chr8	99	DCW97JN1:309:C0C42ACXX:5:1216:6300:20909		
	am	AAGCCATGGTGCCCCACCCTCGGGTGGGTCCTGAGGAGAACAAAGC	-253	11712	=	101M	1	11864	chr8	83	DCW97JN1:309:C0C42ACXX:4:1206:10027:62829		
r.ba 💿 🌶 🗴	6: filtered_reads_mother.ba	AGCCATGGTGACCCACCCTCGGGTGGGTCCTGAGGAGAACAAAGCT	-256	11710	=	101M	8	11865	chr8	83	DCW97JN1:309:C0C42ACXX:5:2202:19629:56029		
.bu Og P	m	ATGGTGACCCACCCTCGGGTGGGTCCTGAGGAGAACAAAGCTCTGG	-253	11712	=	96M5S	15	11869	chr8	83	DCW97JN1:309:C0C42ACXX:4:1115:17796:60101		
	2013 2013	CCAGATCCCAAACCCTGATCCCTACCCTGGATCCTAAGTCTGTCCCT	-271	11783	=	13S88M	27	11966	chr8	147	DCW97JN1:309;C0C42ACXX:5:1216:6300:20909		
:ba	5: filtered_reads_father.ba	TTTTAAAATTTAAAAAAAAAAAAATTGGCCAAAAAAATTTTATTTTTT	110468121	110566976	=	52S35M14S	0	98822	chr8	145	DCW97JN1:309:C0C42ACXX:5:2210:15831:85655 145		
4	m	CCCCAAAAAAATTTCGGGGTTTTGGGTTTTTTCCACCCAAAATTTT	39396232	39494954	=	45S43M13S	0	98823	chr8	161	DCW97JN1:309:C0C42ACXX:4:2209:3455:67435		

#### Illumina read format:

<instrument>:<run\_number>:<flowcell\_ID>:<lane>:<tile>:<x-pos>:<y-pos>

#### → SO tag:

- Sorting order of alignments
- Unknown, unsorted, queryname (QNAME) or coordinate (RNAME/POS)

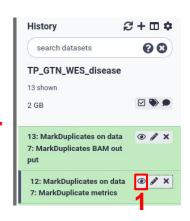


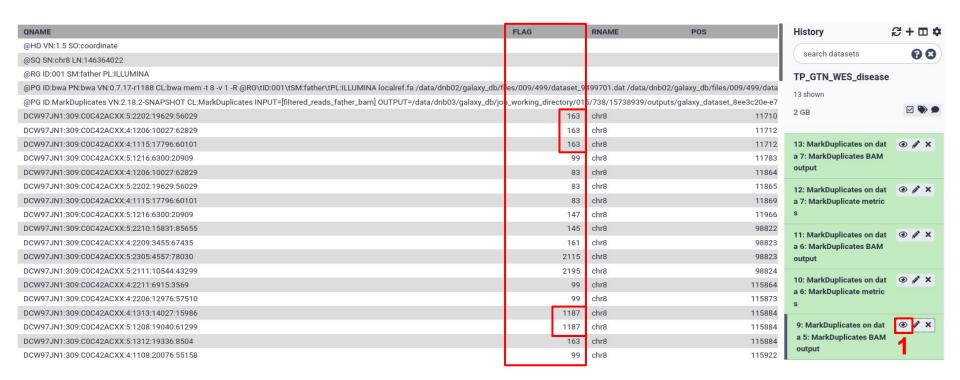
READ\_NAME\_REGEX; Read names are parsed to extract three variables: tile/region, x coordinate and y coordinate. These values are used to estimate the rate of optical duplication in order to give a more accurate estimated library size. See help below for more info; default=" (uses : separation)

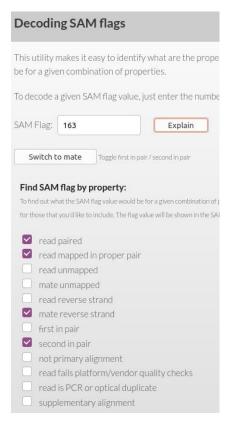
The maximum offset between two duplicte clusters in order to consider them optical duplicates
100
OPTICAL_DUPLICATE_PIXEL_DISTANCE; default=100
Barcode Tag
Barcode SAM tag. This tag can be utilized when you have data from an assay that includes Unique Molecular Indices. Typically 'RX'
Select validation stringency
Lenient
Setting stringency to SILENT can improve performance when processing a BAM file in which variable-length data (read, qualities, tags) do not otherwise need to be decoded.
Email notification
● No
Send an email notification when the job completes.
✓ Execute 6

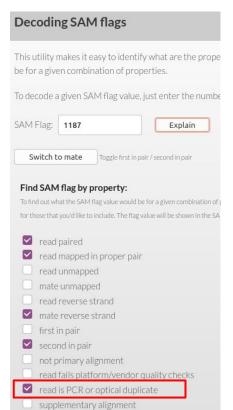
## htsidk.samtools.metrics.StringHeader # MarkDuplicates INPUT=[filtered reads proband bam] 0UTPUT=/data/dnb03/galaxy db/job working directory/015/738/15738941/outputs/galaxy dataset 206994b9-d2b3-44ef-82e2d697790e2d19.dat METRICS FILE=/data/dnb03/galaxy db/iob working directory/015/738/15738941/outputs/galaxy dataset d56642f1-be33-4f35-963f-a0cdb9399ce0.dat REMOVE DUPLICATES=false ASSUME SORTED=true DUPLICATE SCORING STRATEGY=SUM OF BASE QUALITIES OPTICAL DUPLICATE PIXEL DISTANCE=100 TMP DIR=[/data/dnb03/galaxy db/job working directory/015/738/15738941/tmp] VERBOSITY=ERROR QUIET=true VALIDATION STRINGENCY=LENIENT MAX SEQUENCES FOR DISK READ ENDS MAP=50000 MAX FILE HANDLES FOR READ ENDS MAP=8000 SORTING COLLECTION SIZE RATIO=0.25 TAG DUPLICATE SET MEMBERS=false REMOVE SEQUENCING DUPLICATES=false TAGGING POLICY=DontTag CLEAR DT=true ADD PG TAG TO READS=true PROGRAM RECORD ID=MarkDuplicates PROGRAM GROUP NAME=MarkDuplicates READ NAME REGEX=coptimized capture of last three ':' separated fields as numeric values> MAX OPTICAL DUPLICATE SET SIZE=300000 COMPRESSION LEVEL=5 MAX RECORDS IN RAM=500000 CREATE INDEX=false CREATE MD5 FILE=false GA4GH CLIENT SECRETS=client secrets ison USE JDK DEFLATER=false USE JDK INFLATER=false ## htsjdk.samtools.metrics.StringHeader # Started on: Sat Mar 20 17:35:44 CFT 2021 ## METRICS CLASS picard.sam.DuplicationMetrics LIBRARY UNPAIRED READS EXAMINED READ PAIRS EXAMINED SECONDARY OR SUPPLEMENTARY RDS UNMAPPED READS UNPAIRED READ DUPLICATES Header READ PATR OPTICAL DUPLICATES PERCENT DUPI TCATTON ESTIMATED LIBRARY SIZE Unknown Library 0 2380197 1324 781643 244 0.328394 2777843 ## HISTOGRAM iava.lang.Double VALUE 1.000065 Unmapped 1.424589 1.604798 Percentage duplication 1.681296 reads **Duplicates Optical** 

duplicates









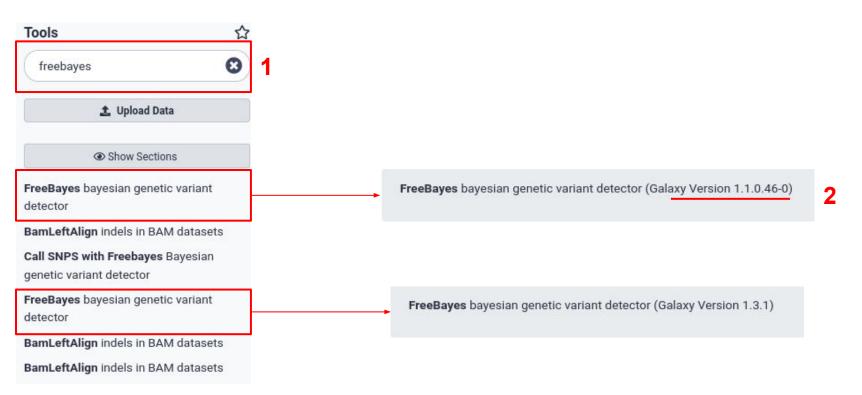


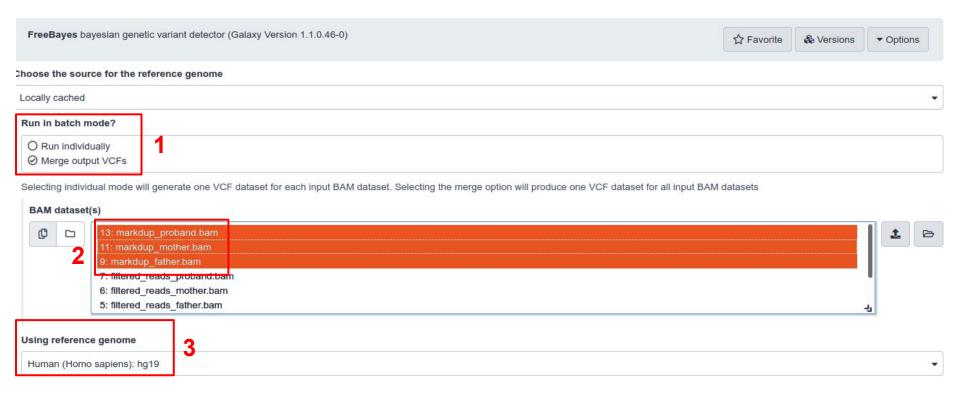
### Tutorial steps

1. Perform postprocessing from premapped reads

2. Variant calling

3. Variant annotation and reporting





Limit variant calling to a set of regions?



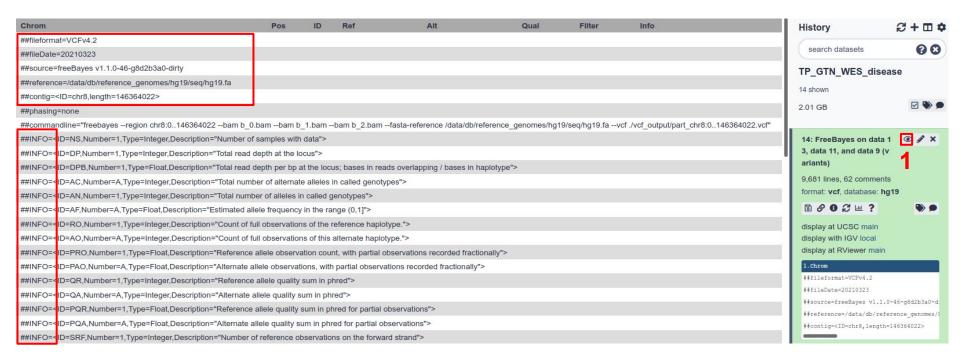
#### **Email notification**



Send an email notification when the job completes.







```
##FORMAT= <ID=GT,Number=1,Type=String,Description="Genotype">
##FORMAT= <ID=GQ,Number=1,Type=Float,Description="Genotype Quality, the Phred-scaled
##FORMAT= <ID=GL,Number=G,Type=Float,Description="Genotype Likelihood, log10-scaled likelihoods of the
##FORMAT= <ID=DP,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Read Depth">
##FORMAT= <ID=AD,Number=R,Type=Integer,Description="Number of observation for each allele">
##FORMAT= <ID=RO,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Reference allele observation count">
##FORMAT= <ID=QR,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Sum of quality of the reference observations">
##FORMAT= <ID=AO,Number=A,Type=Integer,Description="Alternate allele observation count">
##FORMAT= <ID=QA,Number=A,Type=Integer,Description="Sum of quality of the alternate observations">
##FORMAT= <ID=QA,Number=A,Type=Integer,Description="Sum of quality of the alternate observations">
##FORMAT= <ID=MIN_DP,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Minimum depth in gVCF output block.">
```

## **Mandatory columns**

#CHROM	POS	ID	REF	ALT	QUAL	FILTER
chr8	11713	•	С	T	28.9882	
chr8	11737		С	T	9.49649	*
chr8	11780	10	T	Α	0.00632346	(1)
chr8	11793		С	G	0.00516241	*
chr8	11922		T	С	1.26638	
chr8	11935		Т	С	1.25509	*
chr8	11953		A	С	3.16611	×
chr8	116079		G	А	100.779	
chr8	116701		A	G	8.91211e-09	*
chr8	116895	¥()	A	G	214.71	
chr8	160552		G	Α	3.87014	
chr8	160608	20	А	С	722.504	¥
chr8	160609	- 23	AA	AAAATA	0.0812872	

### **Mandatory column**

#### INFO

AB=0;ABP=0;AC=4;AF=1;AN=4;AO=3;CIGAR=1X;DP=3;DPB=3;DPRA=0;EPP=3.73412;EPPR=0;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MQM=19.3333;MQMR=0;NS=2;NUMALT=1;ODDS=6.67245;PAIRED=1;PAIREDR=0;ABP=0;AC=4;AF=0.666667;AN=6;AO=3;CIGAR=1X;DP=4;DPB=4;DPRA=1.5;EPP=3.73412;EPPR=5.18177;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MQM=19.3333;MQMR=27;NS=3;NUMALT=1;ODDS=2.05301;PAIRED=1;PAIREDR=0;ABP=0;AC=2;AF=0.333333;AN=6;AO=2;CIGAR=1X;DP=4;DPB=4;DPRA=2;EPPP=7.35324;EPPR=3.0103;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MQM=9;MQMR=31.3333;NS=3;NUMALT=1;ODDS=7.2724;PAIRED=1;PAIREDR=0;AC=2;AF=0.166667;AN=6;AO=2;CIGAR=1X;DP=5;DPB=5;DPRA=3;EPP=7.35324;EPPR=3.73412;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MQM=9;MQMR=31.3333;NS=3;NUMALT=1;ODDS=7.4AB=0;ABP=0;AC=2;AF=1;AN=2;AO=3;CIGAR=1X;DP=3;DPB=3;DPRA=0;EPP=9.52472;EPPR=0;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MQM=8;MQMR=0;NS=1;NUMALT=1;ODDS=1.08321;PAIREDR=1;PAIREDR=0;PAO=0;AC=2;AF=1;AN=2;AO=3;CIGAR=1X;DP=3;DPB=3;DPRA=0;EPP=9.52472;EPPR=0;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MQM=8;MQMR=0;NS=1;NUMALT=1;ODDS=1.08321;PAIREDR=1;PAIREDR=0;PAO=0;AC=2;AF=1;AN=2;AO=3;CIGAR=1X;DP=3;DPB=3;DPRA=0;EPP=9.52472;EPPR=0;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MQM=8;MQMR=0;NS=1;NUMALT=1;ODDS=1.08321;PAIREDR=1;PAIREDR=0;PAO=0;AC=4;AF=1;AN=4;AO=4;CIGAR=1X;DP=4;DPB=4;DPRA=0;EPP=5.18177;EPPR=0;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MQM=0;MQMR=0;NS=2;NUMALT=1;ODDS=0.0698374;PAIREDR=1;PAIREDR=0;PAO=0;ABP=0;AC=4;AF=1;AN=4;AO=4;CIGAR=1X;DP=4;DPB=4;DPRA=0;EPP=5.18177;EPPR=0;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MQM=60;MQMR=60;NS=3;NUMALT=1;ODDS=4.70393;ABP=1.89659;AC=1;AF=0.166667;AN=6;AO=15;CIGAR=1X;DP=267;DPB=267;DPRA=0;EPP=3.15506;EPPR=7.24817;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MQM=60;MQMR=60;NS=3;NUMALT=1;ODDS=1.0518;PAIREDP=1;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=16;CIGAR=1X;DP=20;DPRA=0;EPP=3.55317;EPPR=5.18177;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MGM=60;MQMR=60;NS=3;NUMALT=1;ODDS=1.0518;PAIREDP=1;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=16;CIGAR=1X;DP=20;DPRA=0;EPP=3.55317;EPPR=5.18177;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MGM=60;MQMR=60;NS=3;NUMALT=1;ODDS=1.0518;PAIREDP=1;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=16;CIGAR=1X;DP=20;DPRA=0;EPP=3.55317;EPPR=5.18177;GTI=0;LEN=1;MEANALT=1;MGM=60;MGMR=60;NS=3;NUMALT=1;ODDS=1.0518;PAIREDP=1;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=

FORMAT
GT:DP:AD:RO:QR:AO:QA:GL

Genotypes

format

mother	
1/1:1:0,1:0:0:1:30:-	2.95865,-0.30103,0
1/1:1:0,1:0:0:1:25:-	2.48652,-0.30103,0
0/0:1:1,0:1:33:0:0:0	0,-0.30103,-3.22103
0/0:1:1,0:1:39:0:0:0	0,-0.30103,-3.64612
ħ.	
*	
0/0:28:25,3:25:102	1:3:66:0,-2.27016,-85.998
0/0:123:114,6:114:	3446:6:195:0,-18.3908,-292.603
1/1:5:0,5:0:0:5:54:-	4.96641,-1.50515,0

5:0,5:0:0:5:54:-4.96641,-1.50515,0

Mother genotypes
information

father

1/1:2:0,2:0:0:2:62:-1.69419,-0.60206,0

1/1:2:0,2:0:0:2:66:-1.70351,-0.60206,0

1/1:2:0,2:0:0:2:69:-1.70487,-0.60206,0

0/1:3:1,2:1:28:2:71:-0.802831,0,-1.54339

1/1:3:0,3:0:0:3:117:-2.23884,-0.90309,0

1/1:3:0,3:0:0:3:101:-2.23436,-0.90309,0

1/1:3:0,3:0:0:3:120:-2.23908,-0.90309,0

0/1:25:19,6:19:730:6:168:-7.87004,0,-58.47

0/1:23:18,5:18:378:5:178:-9.4362,0,-27.2972

1/1:4:0,2:0:0:2:35:-3.2067,-0.60206,0

Father genotypes information

proband
.
0/0:1:1,0:1:28:0:0:0,-0.30103,-2.44648
0/0:1:1,0:1:35:0:0:0,-0.30103,-2.63623
0/0:1:1,0:1:31:0:0:0,-0.30103,-2.55471
.
.
1/1:1:0,1:0:0:1:2:-0.199493,-0.30103,0
0/1:25:17,8:17:646:8:260:-16.1934,0,-50.9025
0/0:121:116,4:116:3482:4:144:0,-22.901,-300.366
1/1:11:1,9:1:2:9:177:-15.8854,-2.8303,0

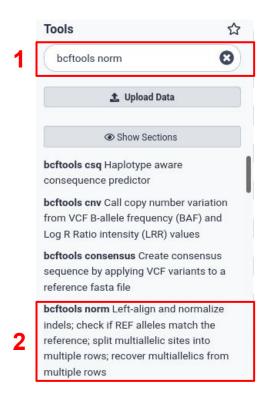
Proband genotypes information

# Tutorial steps

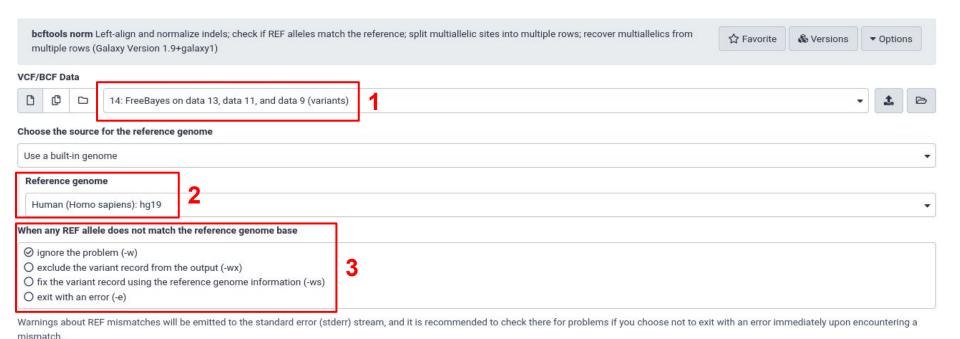
1. Perform postprocessing from premapped reads

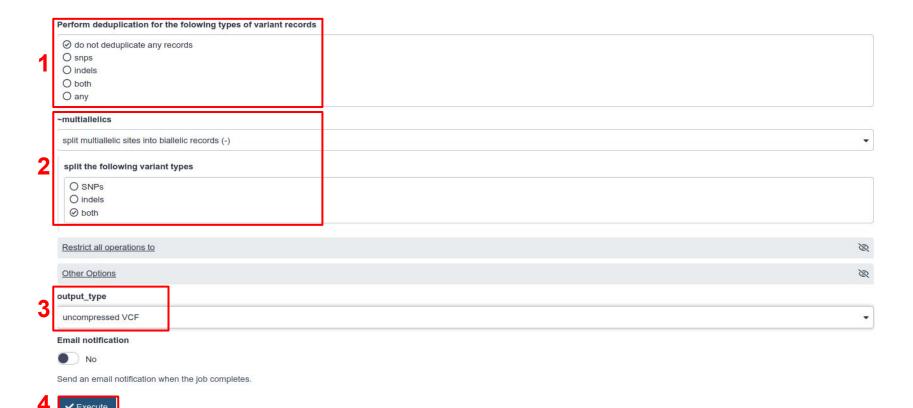
2. Variant calling

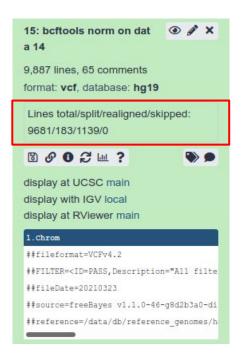
3. Variant annotation and reporting



Left-align and normalize indels?







# Variant normalization - Initial file (alleles)

								1
chr8	160552	84	G	A	3.87014	20	AB=0.307692;ABP=7.18621;AC=2;AF=0	14: FreeBayes on data 1
chr8	160608	1	Α	С	722.504	10	AB=0.4375;ABP=5.72464;AC=3;AF=0.5;	3, data 11, and data 9 (v
chr8	160609	N.	AA	AAAATA	0.0812872	21	AB=0.210526;ABP=16.8392;AC=1;AF=0	ariants)
chr8	160736		G	Т	525.434		AB=0.191686;ABP=360.521;AC=3;AF=0	9,681 lines, 62 comments
chr8	160826		С	T	6351.88		AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=231	format: vcf, database: hg19
chr8	161062		С	Т	2356.87	•	AB=0.632979;ABP=31.8863;AC=3;AF=0	8 8 8 2 m ?
chr8	161167		С	Т	118.178		AB=0.179688;ABP=117.08;AC=3;AF=0.5	
chr8	161176		Т	С	111.716	*:	AB=0.210526;ABP=85.9834;AC=3;AF=0	display at UCSC main
chr8	161240	or.	Α	G	168.568	51	AB=0.4;ABP=5.18177;AC=4;AF=0.66666	display with IGV local display at RViewer main
chr8	162973		Т	С	4.89955	*	AB=0.25;ABP=7.35324;AC=1;AF=0.166	
chr8	163226	or.	Т	С	8650.8	51	AB=0.493002;ABP=3.28384;AC=2;AF=0	1.Chrom
chr8	163249		Т	С	8433.27	*:	AB=0.495327;ABP=3.13206;AC=2;AF=0	##fileformat=VCFv4.2 ##fileDate=20210323
chr8	163302	,	CATATATG	CATATG	18744.2	¥0	AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=663	##source=freeBayes v1.1.0-46-g8d2b3a0-d
chr8	163366	14	TAGAC	CAGAG,TAGAG	30471.4	*	AB=0.404658,0.58952;ABP=57.2529,50	##reference=/data/db/reference_genomes/I
chr8	163387		С	Т	10073.7	60	AB=0.587644;ABP=49.4474;AC=2;AF=0	##contig= <id=chr8,length=146364022></id=chr8,length=146364022>
chr8	163419		GAA	AGT	6732.12		AB=0.277477;ABP=241.712;AC=4;AF=0	

# Variant normalization - Normalized file (alleles)

chr8	160552	10411	G	A	3.87014	27	AB=0.307692;ABP=7.18621;AC=2;AF=0.333333;AN=6;AO=5;
chr8	160608	100	Α	С	722.504	28	AB=0.4375;ABP=5.72464;AC=3;AF=0.5;AN=6;AO=35;CIGAR=
chr8	160609	1.0	Α	AAAAT	0.0812872	4/	AB=0.210526;ABP=16.8392;AC=1;AF=0.166667;AN=6;AO=7;
chr8	160736		G	Т	525.434		AB=0.191686;ABP=360.521;AC=3;AF=0.5;AN=6;AO=83;CIGA
chr8	160826		C	T	6351.88		AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=231;CIGAR=1X;DP=236;I
chr8	161062		С	T	2356.87	10	AB=0.632979;ABP=31.8863;AC=3;AF=0.5;AN=6;AO=119;CIG
chr8	161167		С	Т	118.178	10	AB=0.179688;ABP=117.08;AC=3;AF=0.5;AN=6;AO=23;CIGAR
chr8	161176	(35)	Т	С	111.716	10	AB=0.210526;ABP=85.9834;AC=3;AF=0.5;AN=6;AO=24;CIGA
chr8	161240	180	Α	G	168.568	**	AB=0.4;ABP=5.18177;AC=4;AF=0.666667;AN=6;AO=11;CIGA
chr8	162973	(8)	T	С	4.89955	6	AB=0.25;ABP=7.35324;AC=1;AF=0.166667;AN=6;AO=2;CIGA
chr8	163226		Т	С	8650.8		AB=0.493002;ABP=3.28384;AC=2;AF=0.333333;AN=6;AO=31
chr8	163249	100	T	С	8433.27		AB=0.495327;ABP=3.13206;AC=2;AF=0.333333;AN=6;AO=31
chr8	163302		CAT	С	18744.2		AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=663;CIGAR=1M2D5M;DP
chr8	163366		TAGAC	CAGAG	30471.4	6	AB=0.404658;ABP=57.2529;AC=4;AF=0.666667;AN=6;AO=55
chr8	163370	4	С	G	30471.4		AB=0.58952;ABP=50.8301;AC=2;AF=0.333333;AN=6;AO=424
chr8	163387		С	Т	10073.7	40	AB=0.587644;ABP=49.4474;AC=2;AF=0.333333;AN=6;AO=40
chr8	163419	545	GAA	AGT	6732.12	40	AB=0.277477;ABP=241.712;AC=4;AF=0.666667;AN=6;AO=29



# Variant normalization - Initial file (genotypes)

						1
chr8	163302 .	CATATATG	CATATG	18744.2 .	AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=	14: FreeBayes on data 1
chr8	163366 .	TAGAC	CAGAG,TAGAG	30471.4 .	AB=0.404658,0.58952;ABP=57.2529,	3, data 11, and data 9 (v
chr8	163387 .	С	Т	10073.7 .	AB=0.587644;ABP=49.4474;AC=2;AF	arlants)
chr8	163419 .	GAA	AGT	6732.12 .	AB=0.277477;ABP=241.712;AC=4;AF	9,681 lines, 62 comments
chr8	163432 .	Α	G	9010.58 .	AB=0.346416;ABP=123.071;AC=4;AF	format: vcf, database: hg19
chr8	163438 .	С	Т	21195.2 .	AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=	® 8 € € !!! ? • • •
chr8	163550 .	AAGT	GAGC,GAGT	12279.9 .	AB=0.346801,0.639731;ABP=63.5556	
chr8	163654 .	С	Т	6081.47 .	AB=0.401487;ABP=25.6856;AC=4;AF	display at UCSC main display with IGV local
chr8	163784 .	С	G	4144.35 .	AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=	display at RViewer main
chr8	169366 .	Т	С	10888.4 .	AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=	1.Chrom
chr8	169403 .	G	Α	0.000305373	AB=0.220183;ABP=77.1392;AC=1;AF	##fileformat=VCFv4.2
chr8	169476 .	С	G	404.305 .	AB=0.21875;ABP=112.941;AC=2;AF=	##fileDate=20210323
chr8	169483 .	Т	G	341.779 .	AB=0.2;ABP=128.087;AC=2;AF=0.33	##source=freeBayes v1.1.0-46-g8d2b3a0-d
chr8	169641 .	А	G	62.9338 .	AB=0.75;ABP=5.18177;AC=3;AF=0.5	##reference=/data/db/reference_genomes/I
chr8	181859 .	G	Α	24.1605	AB=0.75;ABP=5.18177;AC=1;AF=0.2	##contig= <id=chr8,length=146364022></id=chr8,length=146364022>

2: 20:0,40,77:0:0:40,77:1480,2744:-347.312,-223.79,-210.846,-124.443,0,-100.661

1/1: 117:0,117,0:0:0:117,0:4126,0:-375.053,-38.2308,0,-377.701,-38.2308,-375.292

**Mother** 

**Father** 

### **Proband**

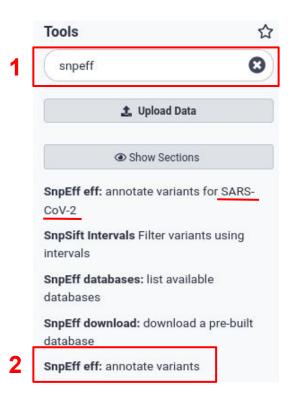
1/2:177:0,63,113:0:0:63,113:2341,4406:-551.213,-362.959,-340.977,-192.495,0,-155.458

# Variant normalization - Normalized file (genotypes)

						1
chr8	163302 .	CAT	C	18744.2 .	AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=663;CIGAR=1M2D5M;DP:	15: bcftools norm on da
chr8	163366 .	TAGAC	CAGAG	30471.4 .	AB=0.404658;ABP=57.2529;AC=4;AF=0.666667;AN=6;AO=55	ta 14
chr8	163370 .	С	G	30471.4 .	AB=0.58952;ABP=50.8301;AC=2;AF=0.333333;AN=6;AO=424	9,887 lines, 65 comments
chr8	163387 .	C	T	10073.7 .	AB=0.587644;ABP=49.4474;AC=2;AF=0.333333;AN=6;AO=40!	format: vcf, database: hg19
chr8	163419 .	GAA	AGT	6732.12 .	AB=0.277477;ABP=241.712;AC=4;AF=0.666667;AN=6;AO=29	Lines total/split/realigned/skipped:
chr8	163432 .	Α	G	9010.58 .	AB=0.346416;ABP=123.071;AC=4;AF=0.666667;AN=6;AO=36	9681/183/1139/0
chr8	163438 .	С	Т	21195.2 .	AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=730;CIGAR=1X;DP=732;E	
chr8	163550 .	AAGT	GAGC	12279.9 .	AB=0.346801;ABP=63.5556;AC=4;AF=0.666667;AN=6;AO=22I	8 0 0 2 4 ? ▶ ●
chr8	163550 .	А	G	12279.9 .	AB=0.639731;ABP=53.3782;AC=2;AF=0.333333;AN=6;AO=19	display at UCSC main
chr8	163654 .	С	Т	6081.47	AB=0.401487;ABP=25.6856;AC=4;AF=0.666667;AN=6;AO=24	display with IGV local
chr8	163784 .	С	G	4144.35 .	AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=134;CIGAR=1X;DP=135;E	display at RViewer main
chr8	169366 .	Т	С	10888.4	AB=0;ABP=0;AC=6;AF=1;AN=6;AO=368;CIGAR=1X;DP=381;E	1.Chrom
chr8	169403 .	G	Α	0.000305373 .	AB=0.220183;ABP=77.1392;AC=1;AF=0.166667;AN=6;AO=37	<pre>##fileformat=VCFv4.2 ##FILTER=<id=pass,description="all filt()<="" pre=""></id=pass,description="all></pre>
chr8	169476 .	C	G	404.305 .	AB=0.21875;ABP=112.941;AC=2;AF=0.333333;AN=6;AO=36;C	##fileDate=20210323
chr8	169483 .	Т	G	341.779 .	AB=0.2;ABP=128.087;AC=2;AF=0.333333;AN=6;AO=33;CIGAI	##source=freeBayes v1.1.0-46-g8d2b3a0-d
chr8	169641 .	Α	G	62.9338 .	AB=0.75;ABP=5.18177;AC=3;AF=0.5;AN=6;AO=4;CIGAR=1X;	##reference=/data/db/reference_genomes/l
chr8	181859 .	G	A	24.1605 .	AB=0.75;ABP=5.18177;AC=1;AF=0.25;AN=4;AO=3;CIGAR=1X	

1/0:120:0,40:0:0:40:1480:-347.312,-223.79,-210.846	1/1:117:0,117:0:0:117:4126:-375.053,-38.2308,0	1/0:177:0,63:0:0:63:2341:-551.213,-362.959,-340.977
0/1:120:0,77:0:0:77:2744:-347.312,-124.443,-100.661	0/0:117:0,0:0:0:0:0:-375.053,-377.701,-375.292	0/1:177:0,113:0:0:113:4406:-551.213,-192.495,-155.458

Mother Father Proband







Annotation options	
☐ Select/Unselect all	
Use 'EFF' field compatible with older versions (instead of 'ANN')	
☐ Use Classic Effect names and amino acid variant annotations (NON_SYNONYMOUS_CODING vs missense_variant and G180R vs p.Gly180Arg/c.538G>C)	
Override classic and use Sequence Ontolgy terms for effects (missense_variant vs NON_SYNONYMOUS_CODING)	
Override classic and use HGVS annotations for amino acid annotations (p.Gly180Arg/c.538G>C vs G180R)	
Old notation style notation: E.g. 'c.G123T' instead of 'c.123G>T' and 'X' instead of '*'	
☐ Use one letter Amino acid codes in HGVS notation. E.g. p.R47G instead of p.Arg47Gly	
☐ Use transcript ID in HGVS notation. E.g. ENST00000252100:c.914C>G instead of c.914C>G	
☐ Do not shift variants according to HGVS notation (most 3prime end)	
☐ Do not add HGVS annotations	
☐ Only use canonical transcripts	
☐ Only use protein coding transcripts	
☐ Use gene ID instead of gene name (VCF output)	
☐ Disable IUB code expansion in input variants	
Add OICR tag in VCF file	
☐ Add loss of function (LOF) and nonsense mediated decay (NMD) tags	
☐ Do not add LOF and NMD annotations	
☐ Disable motif annotations	
☐ Disable NextProt annotations	
☐ Disable interaction annotations	
Perform 'cancer' comparisons (comparisons (comparisons)	

Only use the transcripts in this file    O	Use custom interval file for annotation			
Only use the transcripts in this file    D   CD   Nothing selected	No bed dataset available.	•	<b>1</b>	
Format is one transcript ID per line  Filter output  Select/Unselect all  Do not show DOWNSTREAM changes Do not show INTERGENIC changes Do not show INTRON changes Do not show UPSTREAM changes Do not show UPSTREAM changes Do not show UPSTREAM changes To not show 5_PRIME_UTR or 3_PRIME_UTR changes  Filter out specific Effects	(-interval)			
Format is one transcript ID per line  Filter output  Select/Unselect all  Do not show DOWNSTREAM changes Do not show INTERGENIC changes Do not show INTRON changes Do not show UPSTREAM changes Do not show UPSTREAM changes Do not show 5_PRIME_UTR or 3_PRIME_UTR changes  Filter out specific Effects	Only use the transcripts in this file			
Filter output  Select/Unselect all  Do not show DOWNSTREAM changes Do not show INTROR changes Do not show INTRON changes Do not show UPSTREAM changes Do not show UPSTREAM changes Do not show 5_PRIME_UTR or 3_PRIME_UTR changes  Filter out specific Effects	□ □ □ Nothing selected	•	<b>1</b>	
Select/Unselect all  Do not show DOWNSTREAM changes Do not show INTERGENIC changes Do not show INTRON changes Do not show UPSTREAM changes Do not show UPSTREAM changes Do not show 5_PRIME_UTR or 3_PRIME_UTR changes  Filter out specific Effects	Format is one transcript ID per line			
□ Do not show DOWNSTREAM changes □ Do not show INTERGENIC changes □ Do not show INTRON changes □ Do not show UPSTREAM changes □ Do not show 5_PRIME_UTR or 3_PRIME_UTR changes  Filter out specific Effects	Filter output			
□ Do not show INTERGENIC changes □ Do not show INTRON changes □ Do not show UPSTREAM changes □ Do not show 5_PRIME_UTR or 3_PRIME_UTR changes  Filter out specific Effects	☐ Select/Unselect all			
□ Do not show INTRON changes □ Do not show UPSTREAM changes □ Do not show 5_PRIME_UTR or 3_PRIME_UTR changes  Filter out specific Effects	☐ Do not show DOWNSTREAM changes			
□ Do not show UPSTREAM changes □ Do not show 5_PRIME_UTR or 3_PRIME_UTR changes  Filter out specific Effects	☐ Do not show INTERGENIC changes			
Do not show 5_PRIME_UTR or 3_PRIME_UTR changes  Filter out specific Effects	☐ Do not show INTRON changes			
Filter out specific Effects	☐ Do not show UPSTREAM changes			
	☐ Do not show 5_PRIME_UTR or 3_PRIME_UTR changes			
No •	Filter out specific Effects			
	No			•

#### Chromosomal position

<ul> <li>Use default (based on input type</li> </ul>	e)
--	----

- O Force zero-based positions (both input and output)
- O Force one-based positions (both input and output)

#### Text to prepend to chromosome name

By default SnpEff simplifies all chromosome names. For instance 'chr1' is just '1'. You can prepend any string you want to the chromosome name (-chr)

**Produce Summary Stats** 





(-noStats)

#### Suppress reporting usage statistics to server



(-noLog)

#### **Email notification**

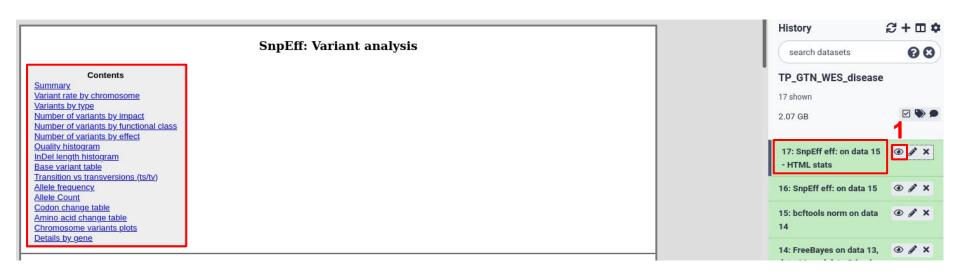


Send an email notification when the job completes.





## Variant annotation - Content



# Variant annotation - Summary

	Summary			
Genome	hg19			
Date	2021-03-18 17:58			
SnpEff version	SnpEff 4.3t (build 2017-11-24 10:18), by Pablo Cingolani			
Command line arguments	SnpEff -i vcf -o vcf -stats /data/dnb03/galaxy_db/job_working_directory/015/796/15796878/output hg19 /data/dnb03/galaxy_db/files/2/9/3/dataset_293de6fc-1e55-4aec-a452-202e66cc94ca.dat			
Warnings	1,061			
Errors	0			
Number of lines (input file)	9,887			
Number of variants (before filter)	9,887			
Number of not variants (i.e. reference equals alternative)	0			
Number of variants processed (i.e. after filter and non-variants)	9,887			
Number of known variants (i.e. non-empty ID)	0 ( 0% )			
Number of multi-allelic VCF entries (i.e. more than two alleles)	0			
Number of effects	28,940			
Genome total length	3,137,161,265			
Genome effective length	146,364,022			
Variant rate	1 variant every 14,803 bases			

## Variant annotation - Variants details

#### Variants rate details

Chromosome	Length	Variants	Variants rate
8	146,364,022	9,887	14,803
Total	146,364,022	9,887	14,803

### Number variants by type

Туре	Total
SNP	8,668
MNP	240
INS	393
DEL	534
MIXED	52
INV	0
DUP	0
BND	0
INTERVAL	0
Total	9,887

### Number of effects by impact

Type (alphabetical order)	Count	Percent
HIGH	436	1.507%
LOW	1,694	5.853%
MODERATE	1,403	4.848%
MODIFIER	25,407	87.792%

### Number of effects by functional class

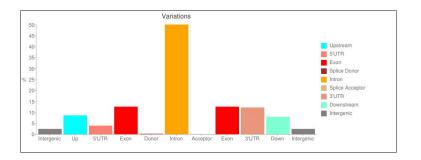
Type (alphabetical order)	Count	Percent
MISSENSE	1,320	54.054%
NONSENSE	9	0.369%
SILENT	1,113	45.577%

Missense / Silent ratio: 1.186

## Variant annotation - Variants details

Type (alphabetical order)	Count	Percent
3_prime_UTR_variant	3,532	12.001%
5_prime_UTR_premature_start_codon_gain_variant	65	0.221%
5_prime_UTR_variant	1,070	3.636%
conservative_inframe_deletion	1	0.003%
conservative_inframe_insertion	9	0.031%
disruptive_inframe_deletion	2	0.007%
downstream_gene_variant	2,302	7.822%
frameshift_variant	17	0.058%
intergenic_region	704	2.392%
intron_variant	14,900	50.629%
missense_variant	1,352	4.594%
non_coding_transcript_exon_variant	836	2.841%
non_coding_transcript_variant	3	0.01%
sequence_feature	197	0.669%
splice_acceptor_variant	27	0.092%
splice_donor_variant	62	0.211%
splice_region_variant	409	1.39%
start_lost	3	0.01%
stop_gained	12	0.041%
stop_lost	10	0.034%
stop_retained_variant	1	0.003%
structural_interaction_variant	314	1.067%
synonymous_variant	1,114	3.785%
upstream_gene_variant	2,488	8.454%

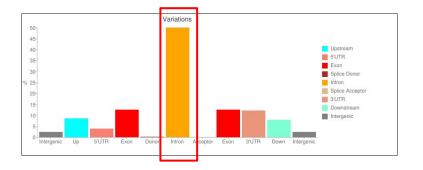
Type (alphabetical order)	Count	Percent
DOWNSTREAM	2,302	7.954%
EXON	3,638	12.571%
INTERGENIC	704	2.433%
INTRON	14,479	50.031%
SPLICE_SITE_ACCEPTOR	27	0.093%
SPLICE_SITE_DONOR	57	0.197%
SPLICE_SITE_REGION	378	1.306%
TRANSCRIPT	200	0.691%
UPSTREAM	2,488	8.597%
UTR_3_PRIME	3,532	12.205%
UTR_5_PRIME	1,135	3.922%



## Variant annotation - Variants details

Type (alphabetical order)	Count	Percent
3_prime_UTR_variant	3,532	12.001%
5_prime_UTR_premature_start_codon_gain_variant	65	0.221%
5_prime_UTR_variant	1,070	3.636%
conservative_inframe_deletion	1	0.003%
conservative_inframe_insertion	9	0.031%
disruptive_inframe_deletion	2	0.007%
downstream_gene_variant	2,302	7.822%
frameshift_variant	17	0.058%
intergenic_region	704	2.392%
intron_variant	14,900	50.629%
missense_variant	1,352	4.594%
non_coding_transcript_exon_variant	836	2.841%
non_coding_transcript_variant	3	0.01%
sequence_feature	197	0.669%
splice_acceptor_variant	27	0.092%
splice_donor_variant	62	0.211%
splice_region_variant	409	1.39%
start_lost	3	0.01%
stop_gained	12	0.041%
stop_lost	10	0.034%
stop_retained_variant	1	0.003%
structural_interaction_variant	314	1.067%
synonymous_variant	1,114	3.785%
upstream_gene_variant	2,488	8.454%

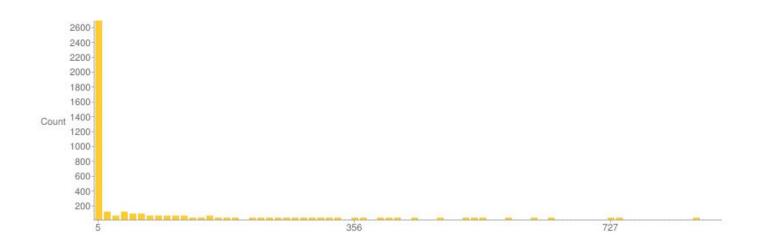
Type (alphabetical order)	Count	Percent
DOWNSTREAM	2,302	7.954%
EXON	3,638	12.571%
INTERGENIC	704	2.433%
INTRON	14,479	50.031%
SPLICE_SITE_ACCEPTOR	27	0.093%
SPLICE_SITE_DONOR	57	0.197%
SPLICE_SITE_REGION	378	1.306%
TRANSCRIPT	200	0.691%
UPSTREAM	2,488	8.597%
UTR_3_PRIME	3,532	12.205%
UTR_5_PRIME	1,135	3.922%



# Variant annotation - Variants quality

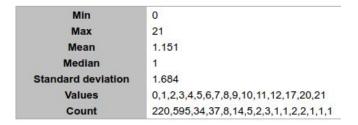
### Quality:

Min	0
Max	50,552
Mean	1,468.087
Median	458
Standard deviation	2,687.315
Values	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20
Count	2485,35,27,29,20,24,11,14,7,19,7,12,10,13,12,15,14,12,10,13,10,10,14,7,9,7,9,5,12,11,9,9,6,5,6,7,9,8,9,13,14,13,10,1

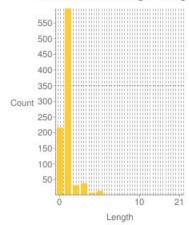


## Variant annotation - Insertions/Deletions

### Insertions and deletions length:



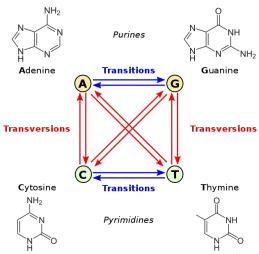
#### Insertion deletion length histogram



## Variant annotation - Transitions/Transversions

### Base changes (SNPs)

	Α	С	G	Т
Α	0	962	1,204	270
С	330	0	403	1,182
G	1,260	415	0	304
T	248	1,230	860	0



#### Ts/Tv (transitions / transversions)

Note: Only SNPs are used for this statistic.

Note: This Ts/Tv ratio is a 'raw' ratio (ratio of observed events).

Transitions	13,739
Transversions	6,876
Ts/Tv ratio	1.9981

#### All variants:

Sample ,mother,father,proband,Total Transitions ,4408,4605,4726,13739 Transversions ,2183,2318,2375,6876 Ts/Tv ,2.019,1.987,1.990,1.998

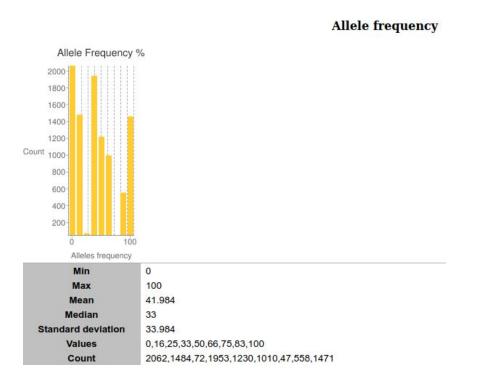
**Only known variants** (i.e. the ones having a non-empty ID field):

No results available (empty input?)

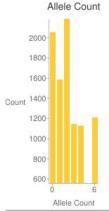
Sequencing Type	# of Variants*	TiTv Ratio
wgs	~4.4M	2.0-2.1
WES	~41k	3.0-3.3

\*for a single sample

## Variant annotation - Allele details



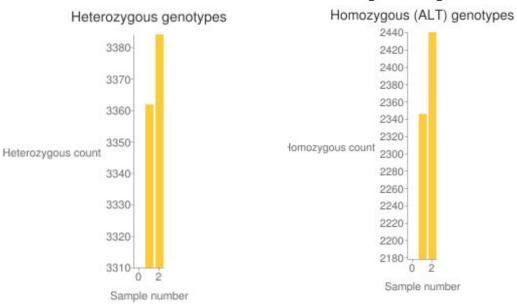
Allele Count

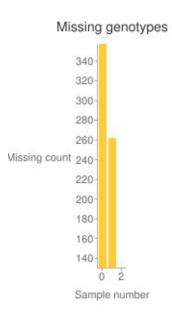


Min	0
Max	6
Mean	2.426
Median	2
Standard deviation	1.963
Values	0,1,2,3,4,5,6
Count	2062,1588,2184,1156,1130,558,1209

# Variant annotation - Genotypes details

### Hom/Het per sample





Sample\_names , mother, father, proband Reference , 4042, 3915, 3933 Het , 3310, 3362, 3384 Hom , 2178, 2348, 2440 Missing , 357, 262, 130

# Variant annotation - Codon changes

### Codon changes

How to read this table:

- Rows are reference codons and columns are changed codons. E.g. Row 'AAA' column 'TAA' indicates how many 'AAA' codons have been replaced by 'TAA' codons.
- Red background colors indicate that more changes happened (heat-map).
- Diagonals are indicated using grey background color
- WARNING: This table may include different translation codon tables (e.g. mamalian DNA and mitochondrial DNA).

	-	AAA	AAC	AAG	AAT	ACA	ACC	ACG	ACT	AGA	AGC	AGG	AGT	ATA	ATC	ATG	ATT	CAA	CAC	CAG	CAT	CCA	ccc
					5						3												
AAA			8	13						2													
AAC	2			1	28	6	8	_			13		3		3								
AAG		6	1					5				5		100						1			
AAT		7	26				,						15								8		
ACA							5	32	1		11 12			13								1	_
ACC			2						12		2				3								84
ACG						33	3		5					is is		4							
ACT					6	1	15								10		5						
AGA		2									3		2										
AGC	2		12				5					1	16										
AGG				4						2			6										
AGT					6				6		20	6											

# Variant annotation - Amino acid changes

#### Amino acid changes

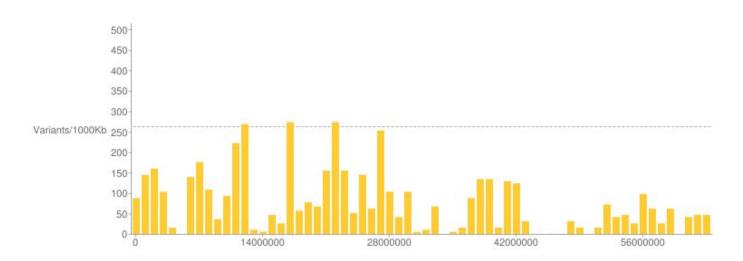
#### How to read this table:

- Rows are reference amino acids and columns are changed amino acids. E.g. Row 'A' column 'E' indicates how many have been replaced by 'E' amino acids.
- Red background colors indicate that more changes happened (heat-map).
- Diagonals are indicated using grey background color
- WARNING: This table may include different translation codon tables (e.g. mamalian DNA and mitochondrial DNA).

	*	-	?	Α	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	K	L	M	N	P	Q	R	S	Т	V	W	Y
*	1	1		-	3				1				3				2						
-			12						3						5				3		5		
?		0 0						8 8											1				Г
A		2		185		1	1		15							3			8	22	37		
С	4	3			9				10									17	2			2	
D				21		47	9		21	7					7								-
E	1		1	5		4	29		66			11		1.			8				2		11
F		3 8			1			34			7		4								2		
G					1	5	4		117									22	5		1		
н		1								33			2		1	29	2	29					
1						7					22		7	3						19	29		
K							8					19			9		1	7		5			
L								8					122	4		21	4	6	4		19		
М											9		2							26	9		
N		2				16				8	3	8			54				31	8			
P		3		5						8			20			96	2	3	12	10			
Q							2			5		3				2	16	8			1		
R	4				15				18	21		6	4			5	32	49	12		z -	16	
S	1	3		8	3	2		2	11						18	23		10	114	13			
Т				18							21		1	4	8	89			3	107			
٧		1		13		2	2		169		18		8	23							51		
W	1								5									5	2				
Υ	1				2	5		3		1					Ī	1	10 S		3				3

#### Variant annotation - Chromosomes details

#### Variants by chromosome



#### Variant annotation - ANN field

##SnpEffVersion="4.3t build 2017-11-24 10:18), by Pablo Cingolani"

##SnpEffCmd="SnpEff" iv cf -o vcf -stats /data/dnb03/galaxy\_db/job\_working\_directory/015/706/15706434/outputs/galaxy\_dataset\_61795ebc-d4e3-4436-a13b-2f65e9efa44e.dat hg19 /data/dnb03/galaxy\_db/files/9/a

##INFO= ID=ANN\_num ber=,Type=String,Description="Functional annotations: 'Allele | Annotation | Annotation | Impact | Gene\_Name | Gene\_ID | Feature\_Type | Feature\_ID | Transcript\_BioType | Rank | HGVS.c | HGVS.p | c

+HTML stats

##INFO= ID=NMD\_Num ber=,Type=String,Description="Predicted loss of function effects for this variant. Format: 'Gene\_Name | Gene\_ID | Number\_of\_transcripts\_in\_gene | Percent\_of\_transcripts\_affected">

16: SnpEff eff: on control of transcripts\_in\_gene | Percent\_of\_transcripts\_in\_gene | Percent\_of\_transcripts\_affected">

16: SnpEff eff: on control of transcripts\_affected | Control of tran

'Allele | Annotation | Annotation\_Impact | Gene\_Name | Gene\_ID | Feature\_Type | Feature\_ID | Transcript\_BioType | Rank | HGVS.c | HGVS.p |

cDNA.pos / cDNA.length | CDS.pos / CDS.length | AA.pos / AA.length | Distance | ERRORS / WARNINGS / INFO' ">

1

#### Variant annotation - Examples

#### **Synonymous**

ANN=G|synonymous\_variant|LOW|OR4F21|OR4F21|transcript|NM\_001005504.1|protein\_coding|1/1|c.324T>C|p.Gly108Gly|324/939|324/939|108/312||

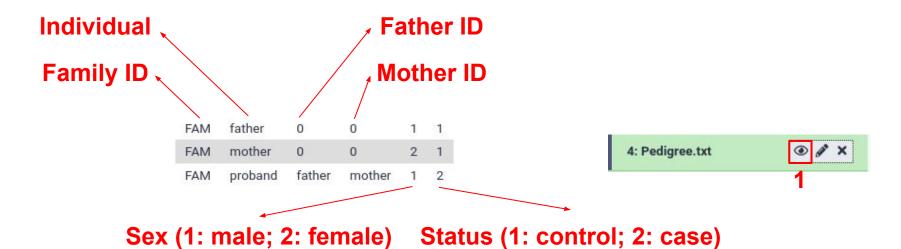
#### **Missense**

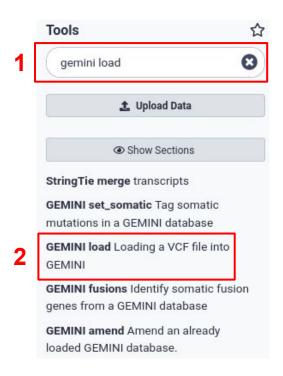
ANN=G|missense\_variant|MODERATE|OR4F21|OR4F21|transcript|NM\_001005504.1|protein\_coding|1/1|c.130T>C|p.Phe44Leu|130/939|130/939|44/312||

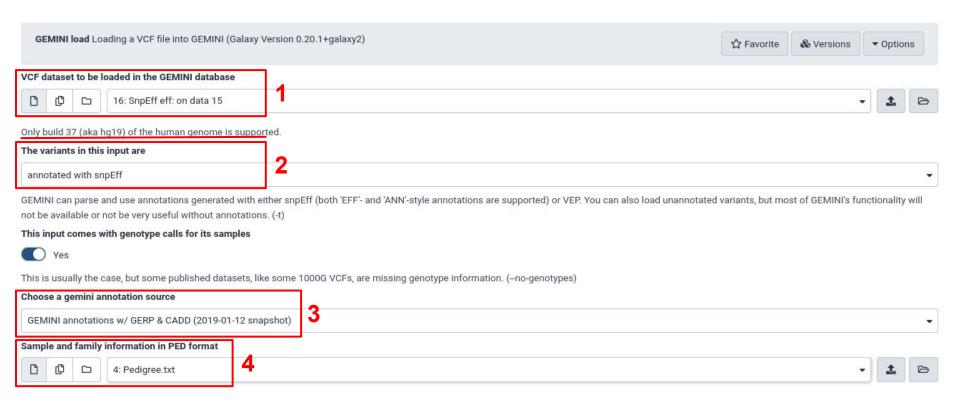
#### Intronic

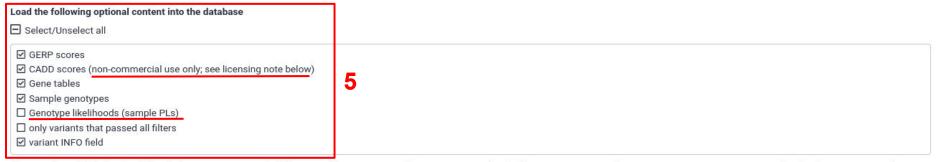
ANN=G|intron\_variant|MODIFIER|RPL23AP53|RPL23AP53|transcript|NR\_003572.2|pseudogene|3/3|n.423-74G>C|||||

### Variant reporting - Pedigree









The preselected defaults should be ok for most use cases (feel free to enable CADD scores for non-commercial use). If you are not interested in certain annotations, you can speed up database creation and decrease the resulting database size slightly by not loading them into the database. Note: GERP and CADD scores are optional parts of the annotation source and can only be loaded if available.

#### **Email notification**

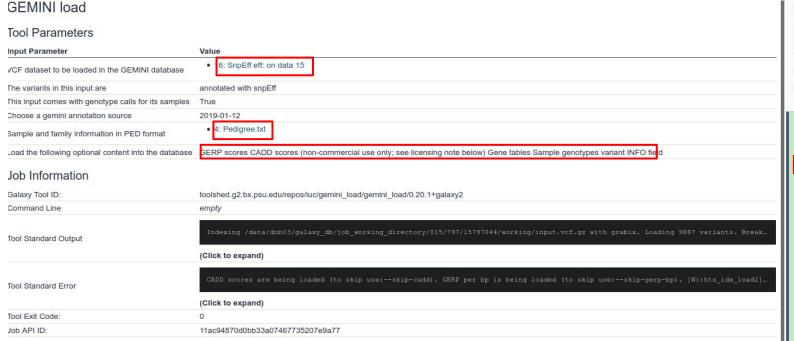


Nο

Send an email notification when the job completes.



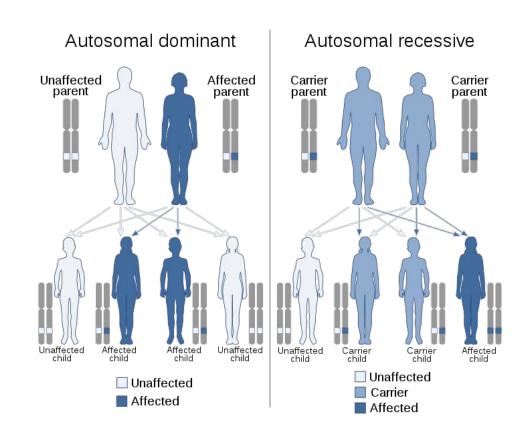


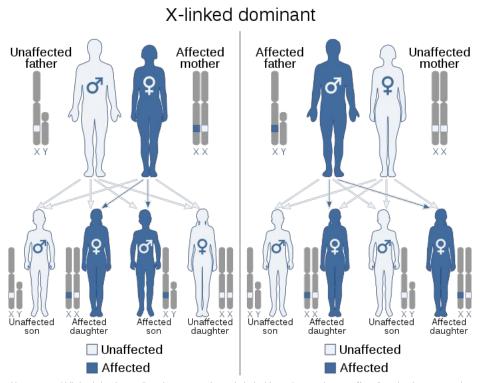




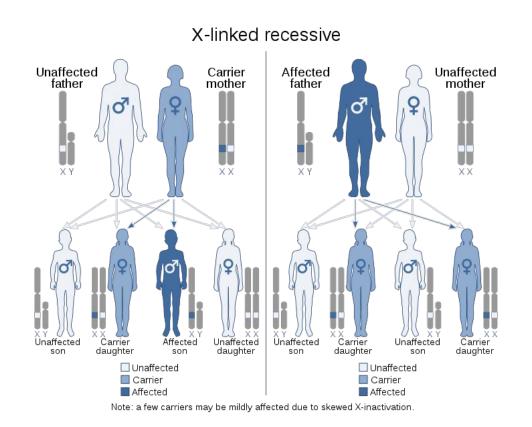








Note: some X-linked dominant disorders are embryonic lethal in males, and most affect females less severely.



- Autosomal de-novo : mutation on autosomes (chr1-22), mutation not present in parents
- X-linked de-novo: mutation on the sex chromosome X, mutation not present in parents
- Compound heterozygous: 2 or more recessive alleles at a particular locus
- Violation of mendelian laws :
  - LOH: Loss of Heterozygosity, cross chromosomal event resulting in in loss of an entire gene and the surrounding chromosomal region
  - Plausible de-novo : parents are homozygous reference, offspring is heterozygous
  - o Implausible de-novo : parents are homozygous reference, offspring is homozygous alternate
  - Uniparental disomy: one parent and the offspring are homozygous reference, the other parent is homozygous alternate OR one parent and the offspring are homozygous alternate and the other parent is homozygous reference

- Autosomal recessive
- Autosomal dominant
- X-linked recessive
- X-linked dominant
- Autosomal de-novo
- X-linked de-novo
- Compound heterozygous
- Violation of mendelian laws

- Autosomal recessive
- Autosomal dominant
- X-linked recessive
- X-linked dominant
- Autosomal de-novo
- X-linked de-novo
- Compound heterozygous
- Violation of mendelian laws

#### Parents are unaffected

- Autosomal recessive
- Autosomal dominant
- X-linked recessive
- X-linked dominant
- Autosomal de-novo
- X-linked de-novo
- Compound heterozygous
- Violation of mendelian laws

Parents are unaffected

Parents are consiguineous

- Autosomal recessive
- Autosomal dominant
- X-linked recessive
- X-linked dominant
- Autosomal de-novo
- X-linked de-novo
- Compound heterozygous
- Violation of mendelian laws

Parents are unaffected

Parents are consiguineous

Chromosome 8

- Autosomal recessive
- Autosomal dominant
- X-linked recessive
- X-linked dominant
- Autosomal de-novo
- X-linked de-novo
- Compound heterozygous
- Violation of mendelian laws

Parents are unaffected

Parents are consiguineous

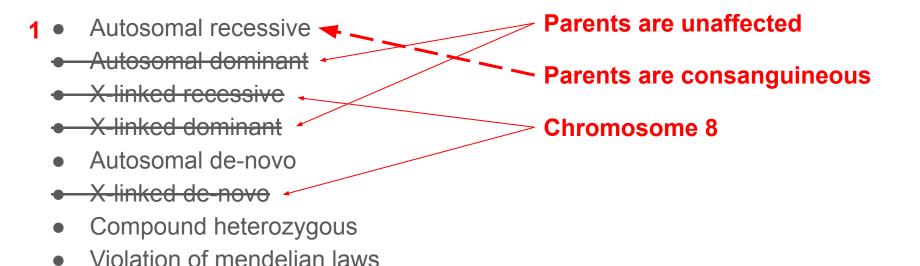
**Chromosome 8** 

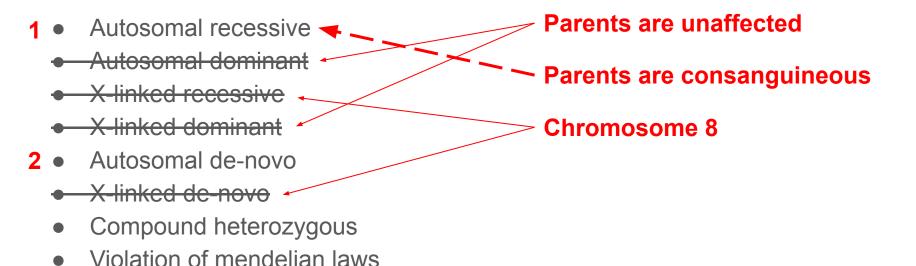
- Autosomal recessive
- Autosomal dominant
- X-linked recessive
- X-linked dominant
- Autosomal de-novo
- X-linked de-novo
- Compound heterozygous
- Violation of mendelian laws

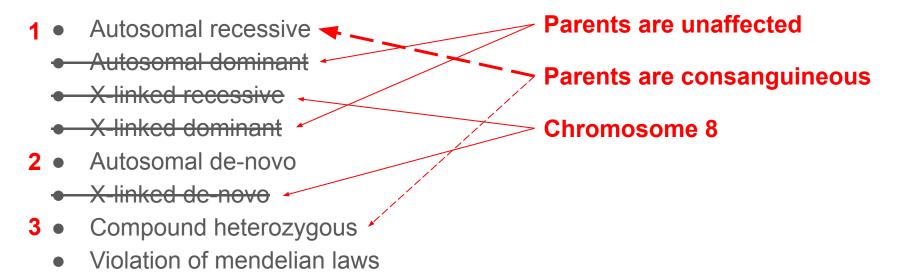
Parents are unaffected

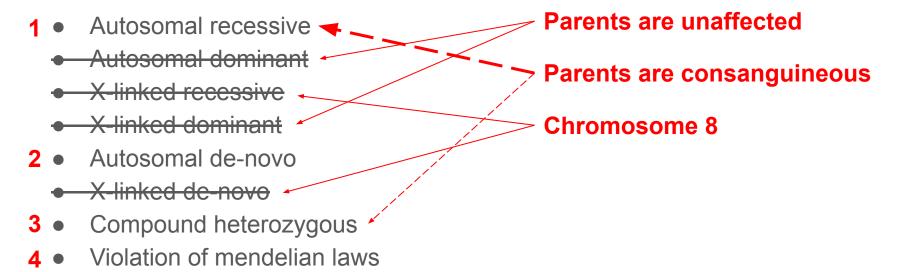
Parents are consanguineous

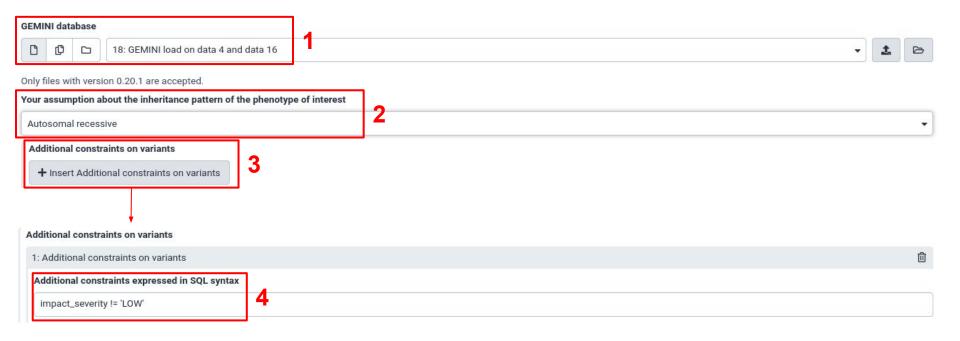
**Chromosome 8** 



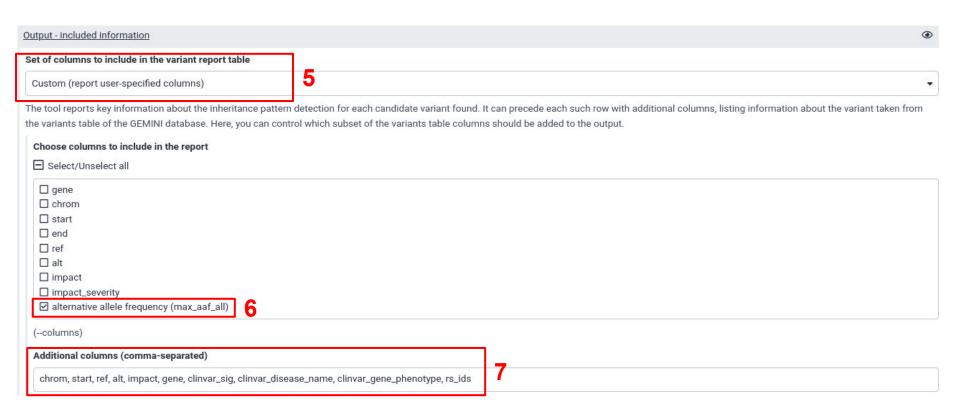








Include hits with less convincing inheritance patterns
No No
The exact consequence of this setting depends on the type of inheritance pattern you are looking for (see the tool help below). (-lenient)
Report candidates shared by unaffected samples
● No
Activating this option will enable the reporting of variants as candidate causative even if they are shared by unaffected samples in the family tree. The default will only report variants that are unique to affected samples. (allow-unaffected)
Family-wise criteria for variant selection
Minimum number of families with a candidate variant for a gene to be reported
1
This is the number of families required to have a variant fitting the inheritance model in the same gene in order for the gene and its variants to be reported. For example, we may only be interested in candidates where at least 4 families have a variant (with a fitting inheritance pattern) in that gene. (-min-kindreds)
List of families to restrict the analysis to (comma-separated)
Leave empty for an analysis including all families (-families)
Specify additional criteria to exclude families on a per-variant basis
No, analyze all variants from all included families



#### Additional columns (comma-separated)

chrom, start, ref, alt, impact, gene, clinvar\_sig, clinvar\_disease\_name, clinvar\_gene\_phenotype, rs\_ids

Column must be specified by the exact name they have in the GEMINI database, e.g., is\_exonic or num\_hom\_alt, but, for genotype columns, GEMINI wildcard syntax is supported. The order of columns in the list is maintained in the output.

#### **Email notification**



Send an email notification when the job completes.





max_aaf_all	chrom	start	ref	alt	impact	gene	clinvar_sig	clinvar_disease_name	History	2+04
0.6831	chr8	2048830	А	G	missense_variant	MYOM2	None	None	search datasets	00
0.6716	chr8	6479041	С	Т	missense_variant	MCPH1	benign	Primary_autosomal_recessive_microcephaly_1 not_specified Primary_Microcep		• • •
0.93555555556	chr8	6681255	A	С	splice_region_variant	XKR5	None	None	TP_GTN_WES_dise	ase
-1.0	chr8	11666217	GTCCCAC	G	conservative_inframe_deletion	FDFT1	None	None	19 shown	
0.671189839572	chr8	12042879	Т	С	splice_region_variant	FAM86B1	None	None	2.22 GB	
0.6916	chr8	12044200	Α	G	splice_region_variant	FAM86B1	None	None	2.22 GB	1 4 2
0.7798	chr8	12878806	Т	G	missense_variant	KIAA1456	None	None		
0.8221	chr8	12879098	G	Α	missense_variant	KIAA1456	None	None	19: GEMINI autosomal_	
0.8221	chr8	12879538	Α	G	missense_variant	KIAA1456	None	None	ecessive pattern on data	
0.8313	chr8	17434640	G	С	splice_region_variant	PDGFRL	None	None		
0.847026781661	chr8	17743019	G	Α	missense_variant	FGL1	None	None	35 lines	120 520
-1.0	chr8	17796381	AC	GT	missense_variant	PCM1	None	None	format: tabular, databas	e: ng19

clinvar_gene_phenotype
None
primary_microcephaly\x2c_recessive primary_autosomal_recessive_microcephaly_1
None
carcinoma_of_colon
None
None

rs_ids	variant_id	family_id	family_members	family_genotypes	samples	family_count
rs968381	293	FAM	mother (mother; unaffected; female), father (father; unaffected; male), proband (proband; affected; male)	A/G,A/G,G/G	proband	1
rs1057090	603	FAM	mother (mother; unaffected; female), father (father; unaffected; male), proband (proband; affected; male)	C/T,C/T,T/T	proband	1
rs9772979	638	FAM	mother (mother; unaffected; female), father (father; unaffected; male), proband (proband; affected; male)	A/C,A/C,C/C	proband	1
rs71711801	1238	FAM	mother (mother; unaffected; female), father (father; unaffected; male), proband (proband; affected; male)	GTCCCAC/G,GTCCCAC/G,G/G	proband	1
rs142379100	1376	FAM	mother (mother; unaffected; female), father (father; unaffected; male), proband (proband; affected; male)	T/C,T/C,C/C	proband	1
rs2684084	1381	FAM	mother (mother; unaffected; female), father (father; unaffected; male), proband (proband; affected; male)	A/G,A/G,G/G	proband	1
rs3739310	1500	FAM	mother (mother; unaffected; female), father (father; unaffected; male), proband (proband; affected; male)	T/G,T/G,G/G	proband	1
rs545589847,rs502882	1503	FAM	mother (mother; unaffected; female), father (father; unaffected; male), proband (proband; affected; male)	G/A,G/A,A/A	proband	1
rs608052	1506	FAM	mother (mother; unaffected; female), father (father; unaffected; male), proband (proband; affected; male)	A/G,A/G,G/G	proband	1
rs2705051	1770	FAM	mother (mother; unaffected; female), father (father; unaffected; male), proband (proband; affected; male)	G/C,G/C,C/C	proband	1
rs484373	1836	FAM	mother (mother; unaffected; female), father (father; unaffected; male), proband (proband; affected; male)	G/A,G/A,A/A	proband	1
rs754721723	1850	FAM	mother(mother;unaffected;female),father(father;unaffected;male),proband(proband;affected;male)	AC/GT,AC/GT,GT/GT	proband	1

Most likely variant candidate for child's disease ?

	max_aaf_all	chrom	start	ref	alt	impact	gene	clinvar_sig	clinvar_disease_name
्	3.24886289799e-05	chr8	86385979	G	А	stop_gained	CA2	None	None

clinvar\_gene\_phenotype

carbonic\_anhydrase\_ii\_variant|osteopetrosis\_with\_renal\_tubular\_acidosis

